

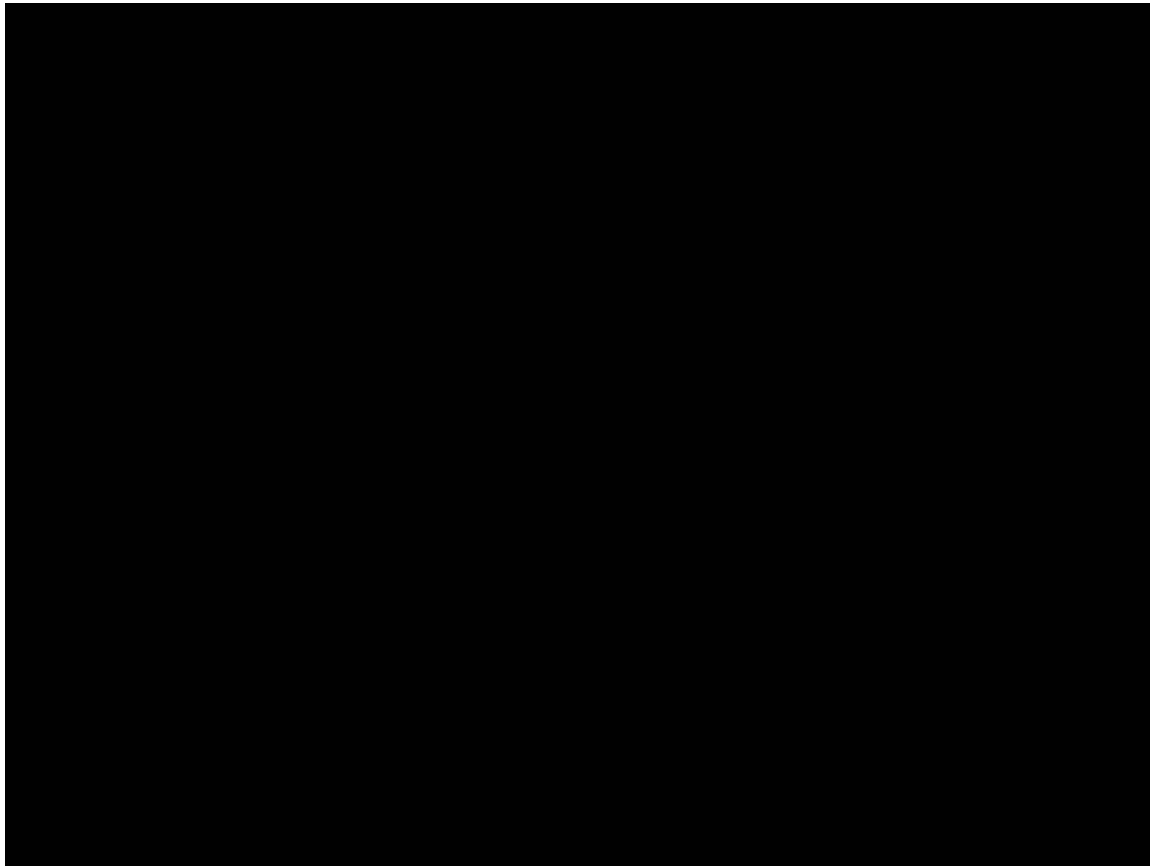


Zweckverband für Rettungsdienst  
und Feuerwehralarmierung Saar

# Hybrid alerting: Self-reliant alerting networks and LTE capable devices enabling efficient management for intervention forces

Rainer Buchmann, Head of Rescue Control Center, Saar

# Introduction

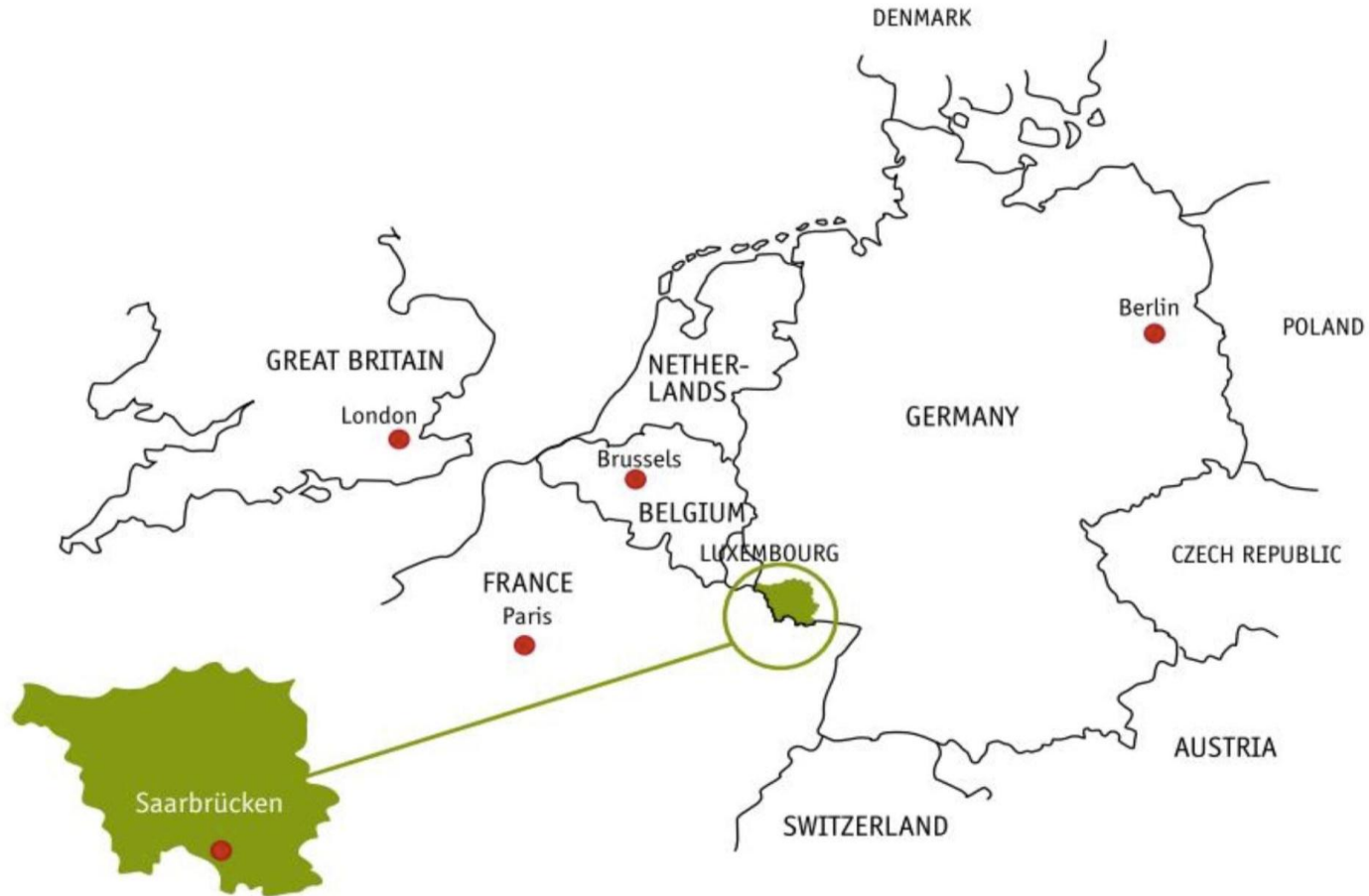


# About me



- **Rainer Buchmann**
- **Head of the Saarland Integrated Command and Control Centre**
- **Responsible for about 13,000 emergency services personnel**

# Saarland



# The human perspective



# Needs of victims



- **Time:** The faster the help, the greater the chances of rescue
- **Is the right emergency services personnel coming?**
- **Discretion:** Information about the victims must not be overheard during alerting process

# Needs of emergency services personnel



- **High availability**
- **Highly accurate and targeted alerting process**
- **Terminals they can rely on**

# Needs of operator and authority



- **Low reimbursement costs**
- **Legal regulations must be complied**
- **Maximum availability of the alerting system**
- **Independence from commercial networks**
- **Cost-efficiency thanks to minimal investment and operating costs**
- **Data protection law**



# Needs of dispatcher



- **Independent quick and reliable alerting**
- **Resilience and Redundancy**
- **Resource management: Availability and monitoring**
- **Minimizing time of communication with emergency services personel**

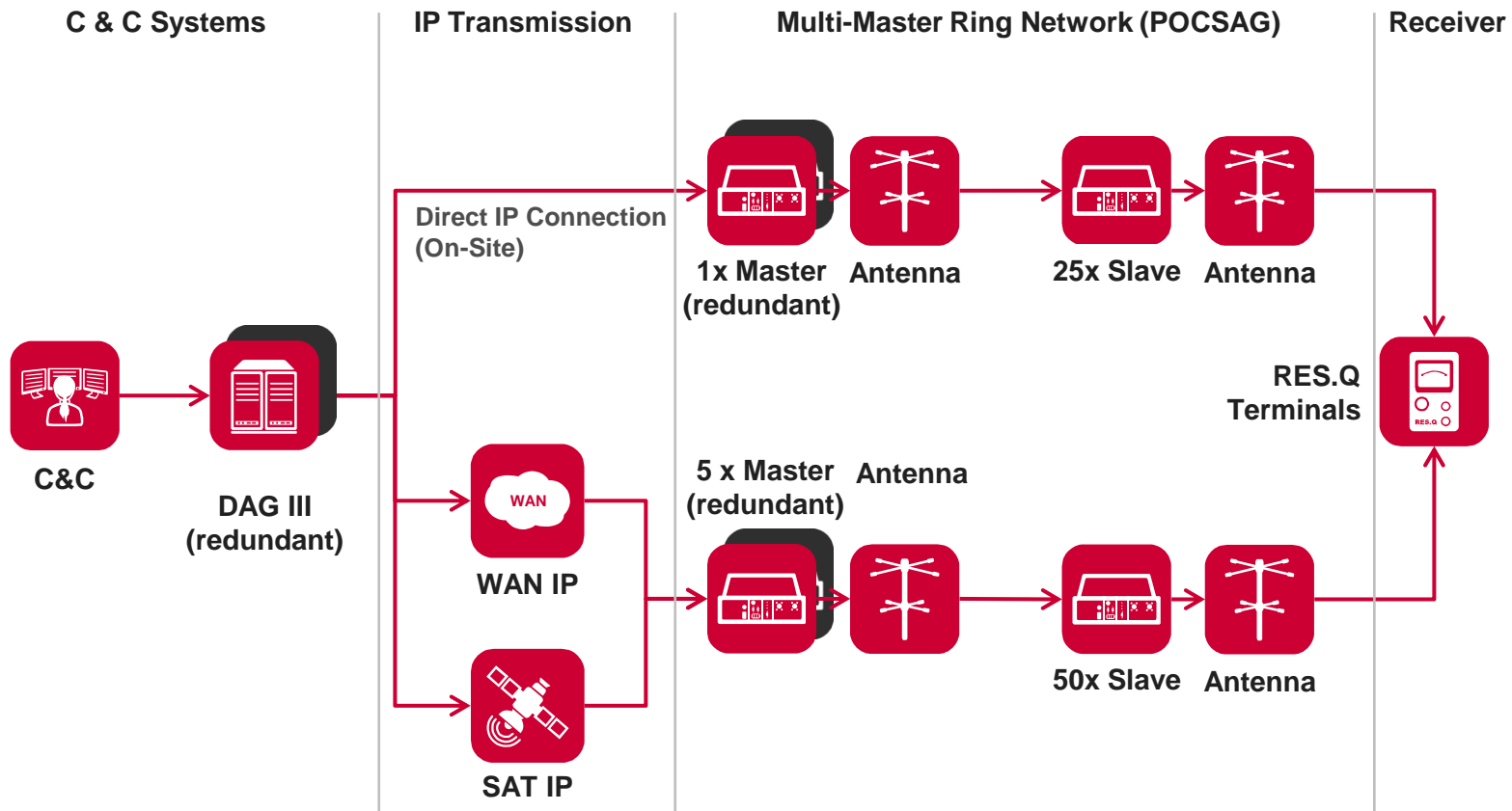
# Needs of the employer



- **No excessive alerting**
- **Minimizing absence from work**

**Crucial question: How can Saarland satisfy all these needs?**

# System Design I: Base System



# Express-Alarm: Much faster



Comparison of alerting times:

## Standard POCSAG



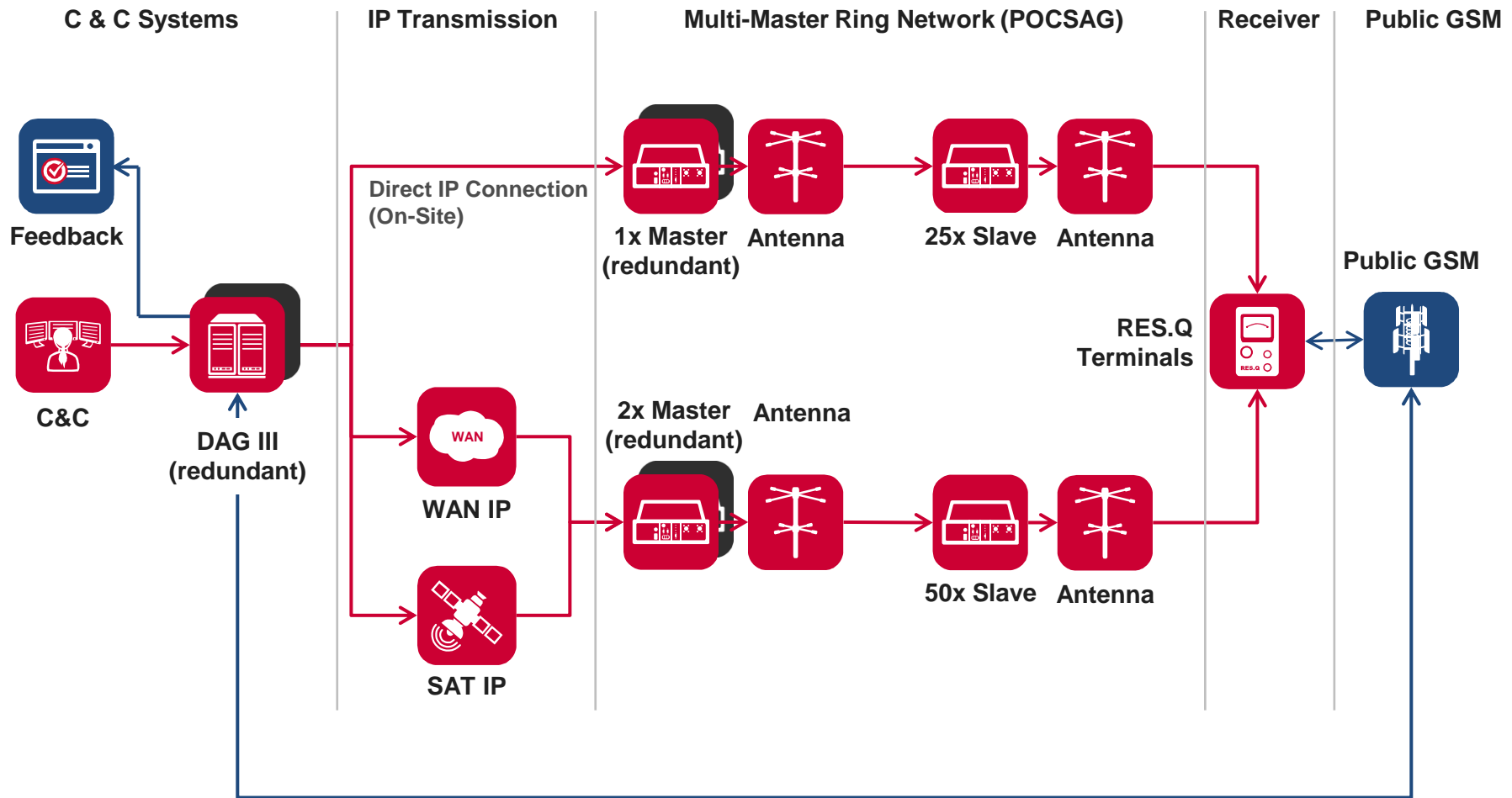
## Express Alert



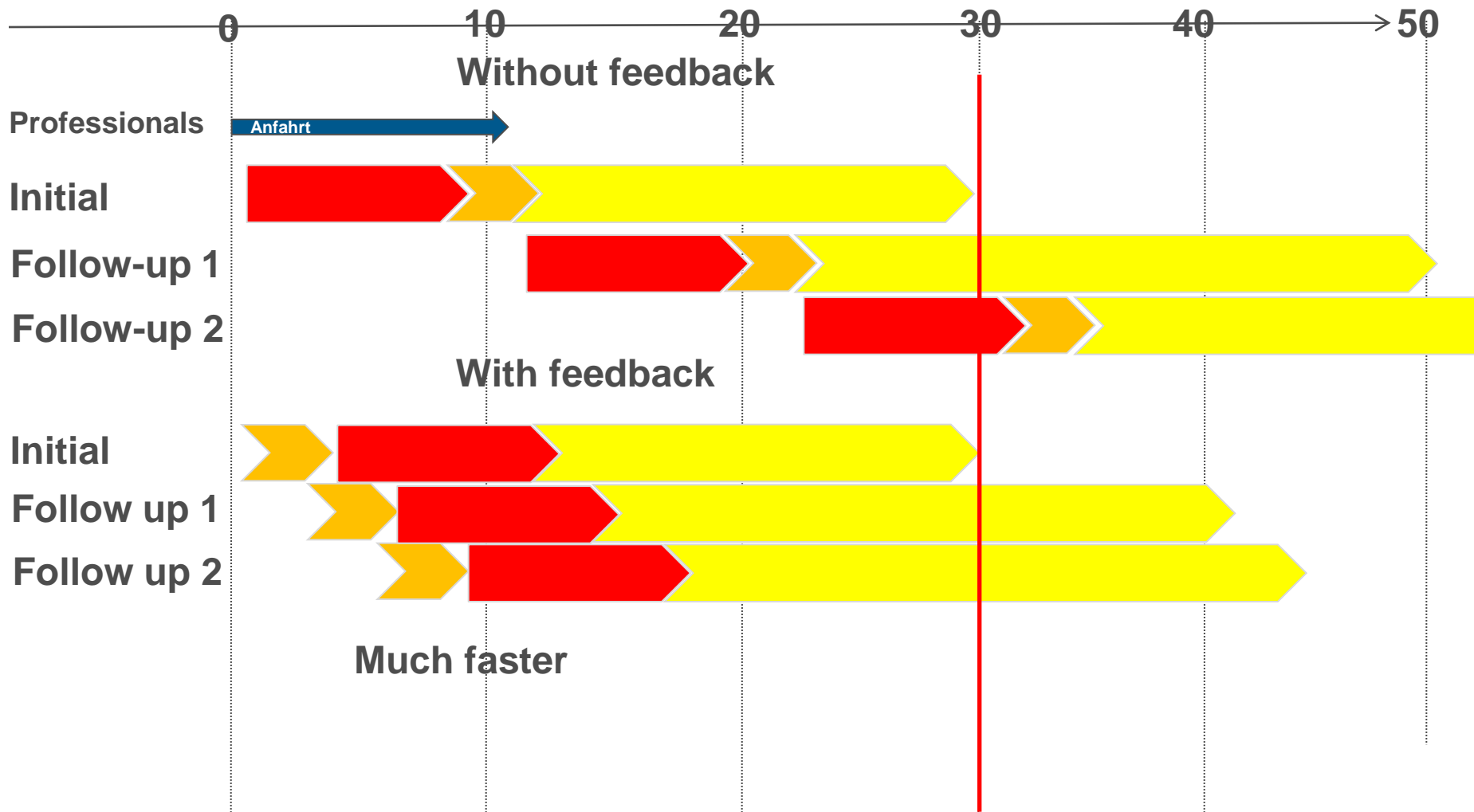
Advantages:

- Flexibility
- Shorter alarming times

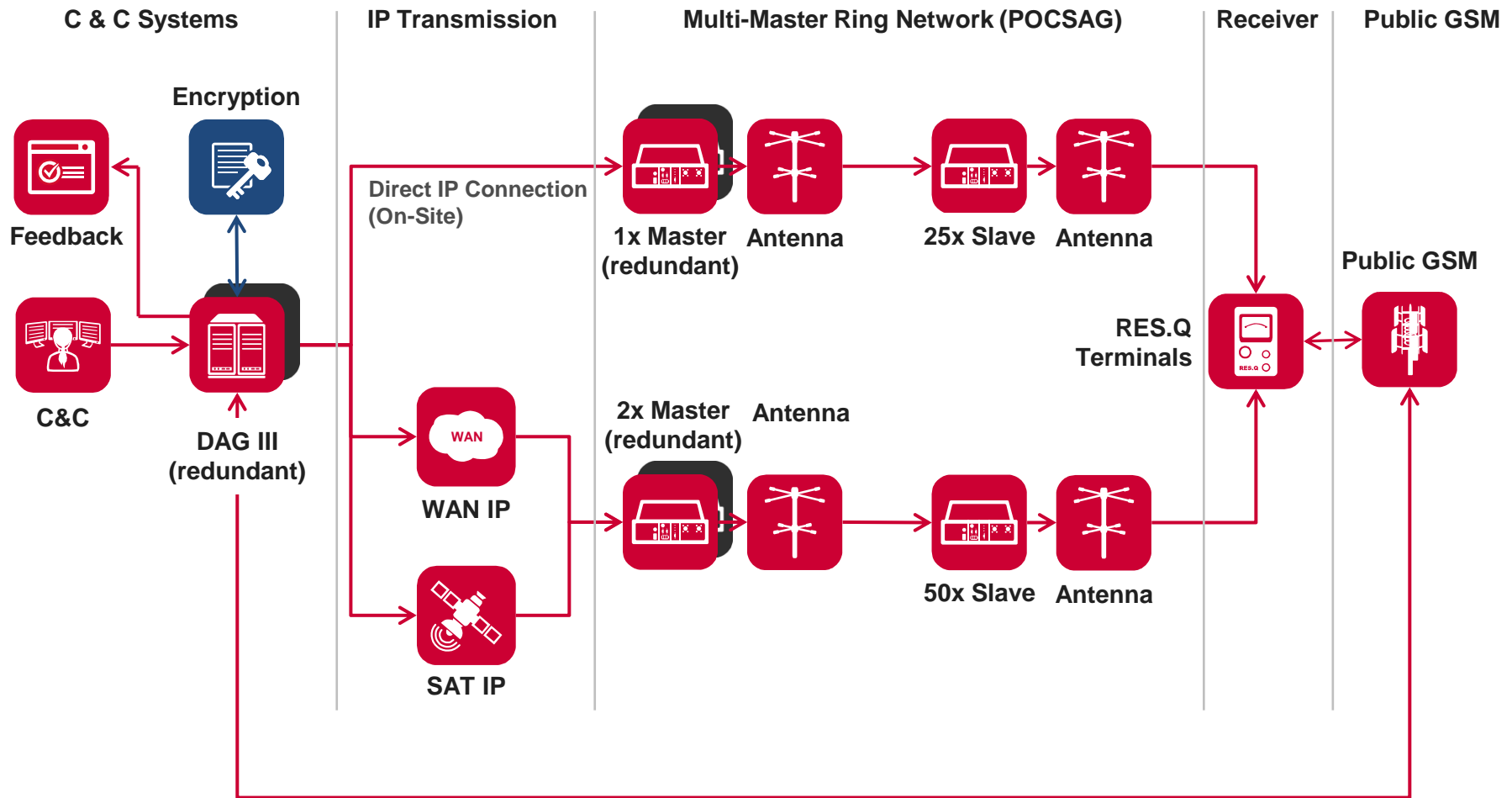
# System Design II: Availability and Feedback



# Alerting with feedback channel with GSM

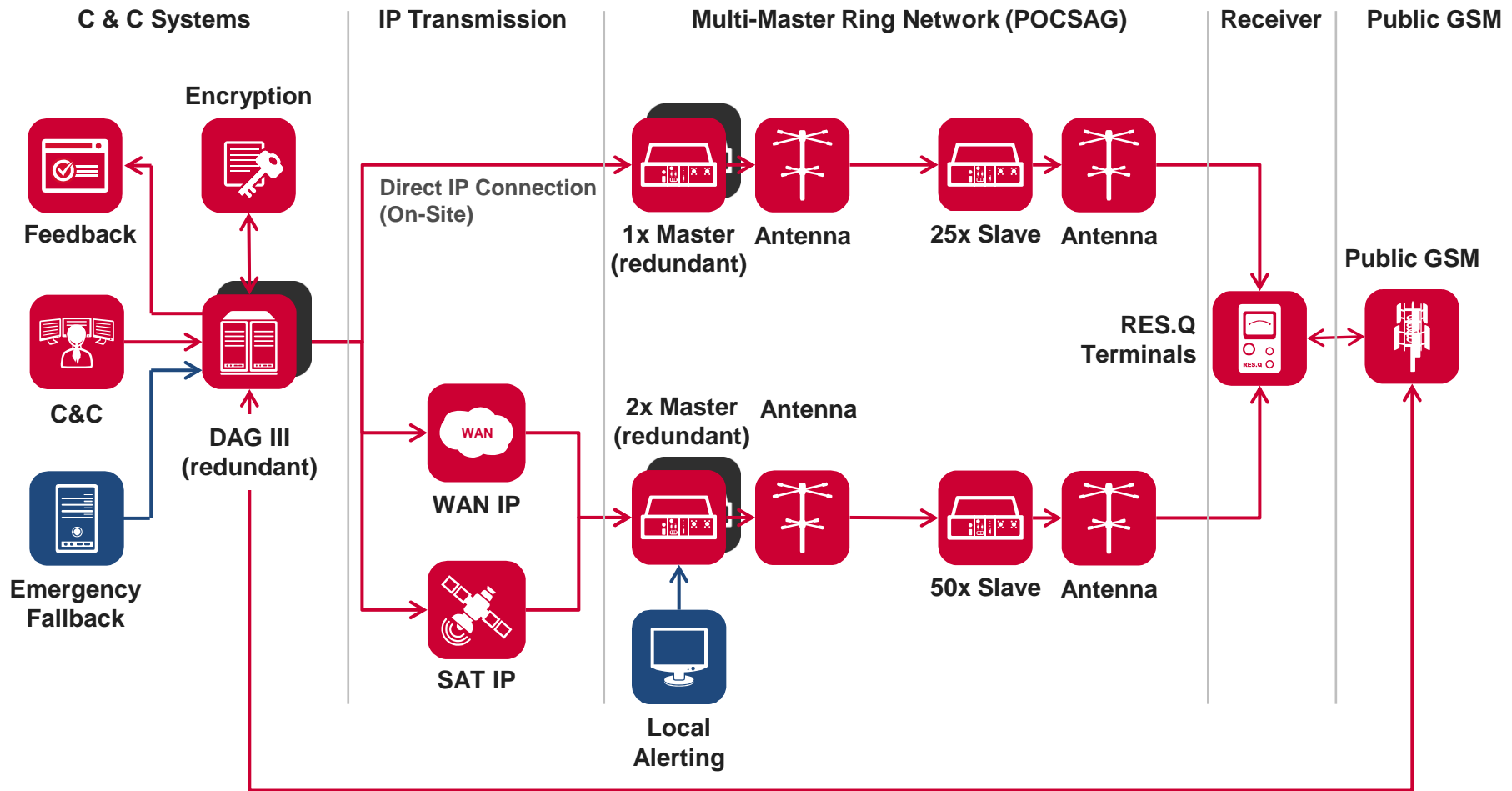


# System Design III: Encryption

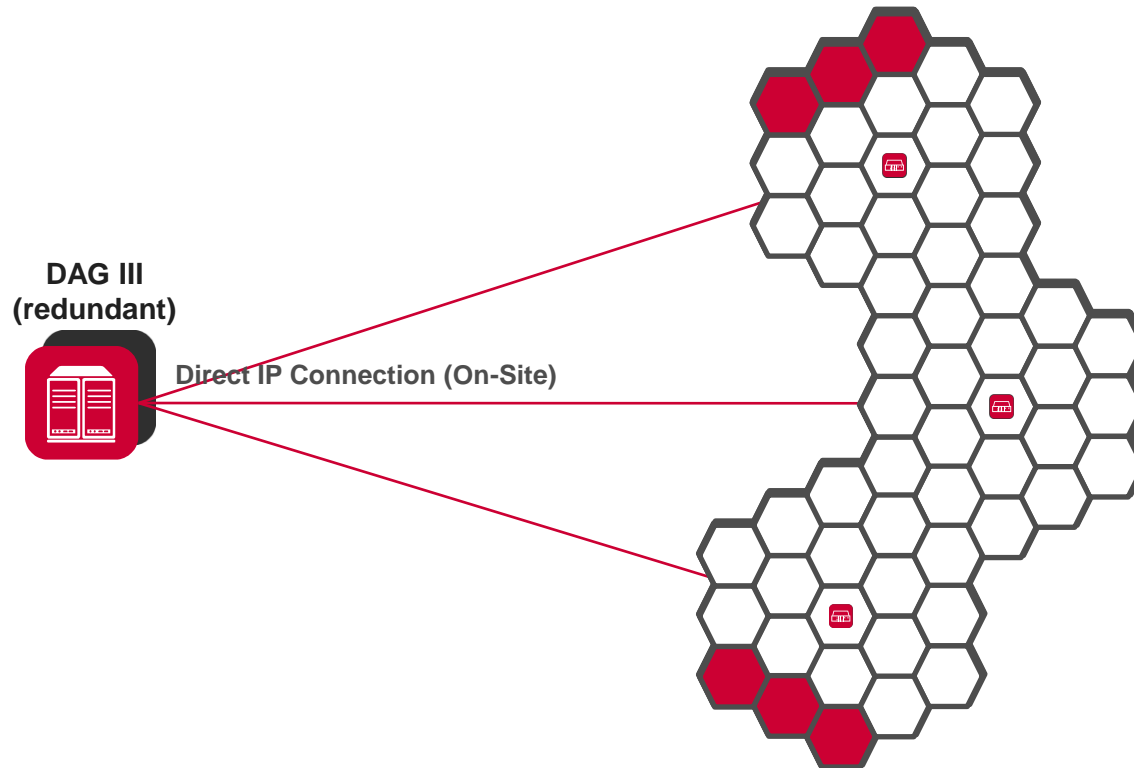




# System-Design IV: Fail-Safe System (redundancies)

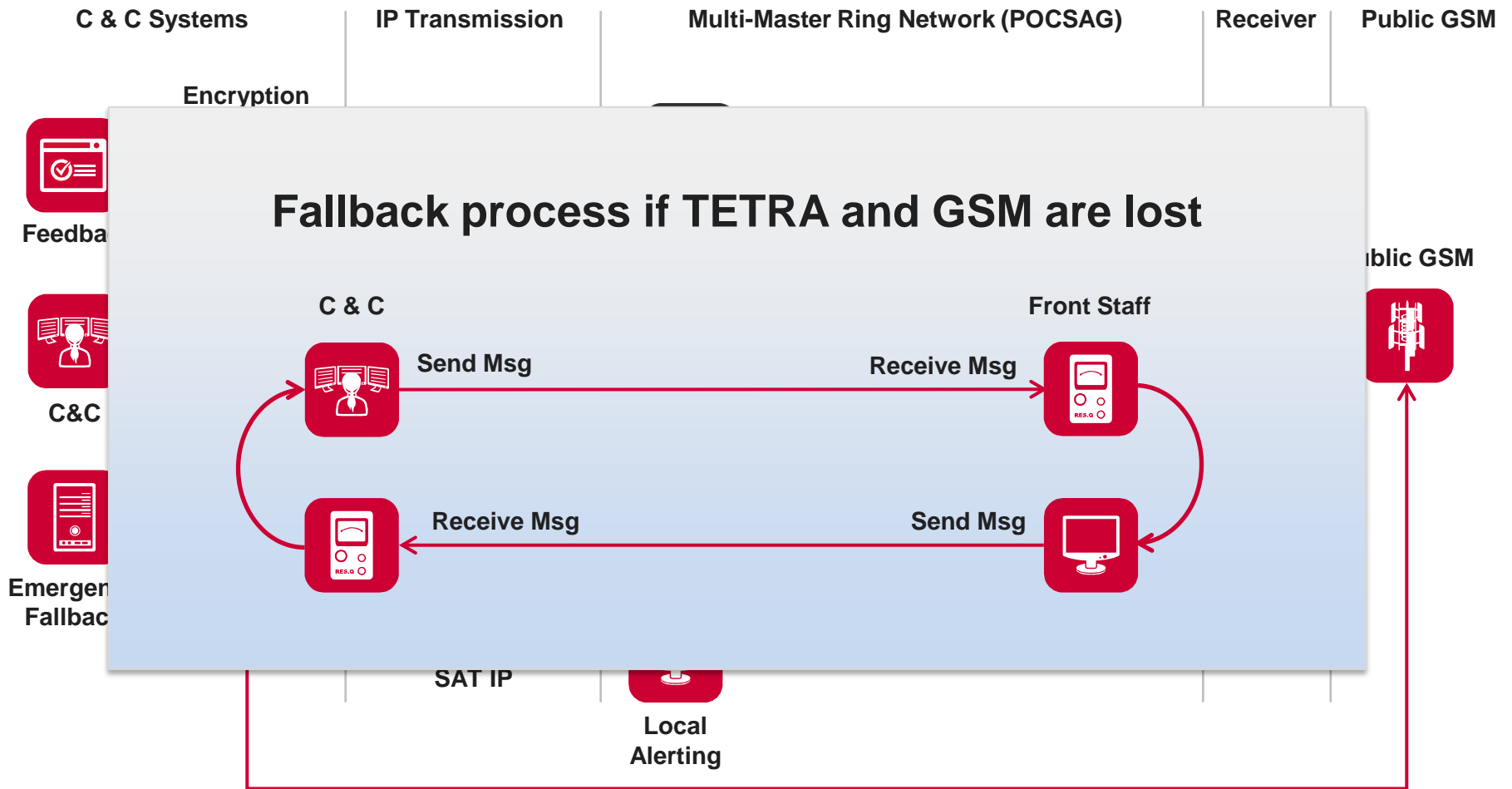


# Multi-Master Technology

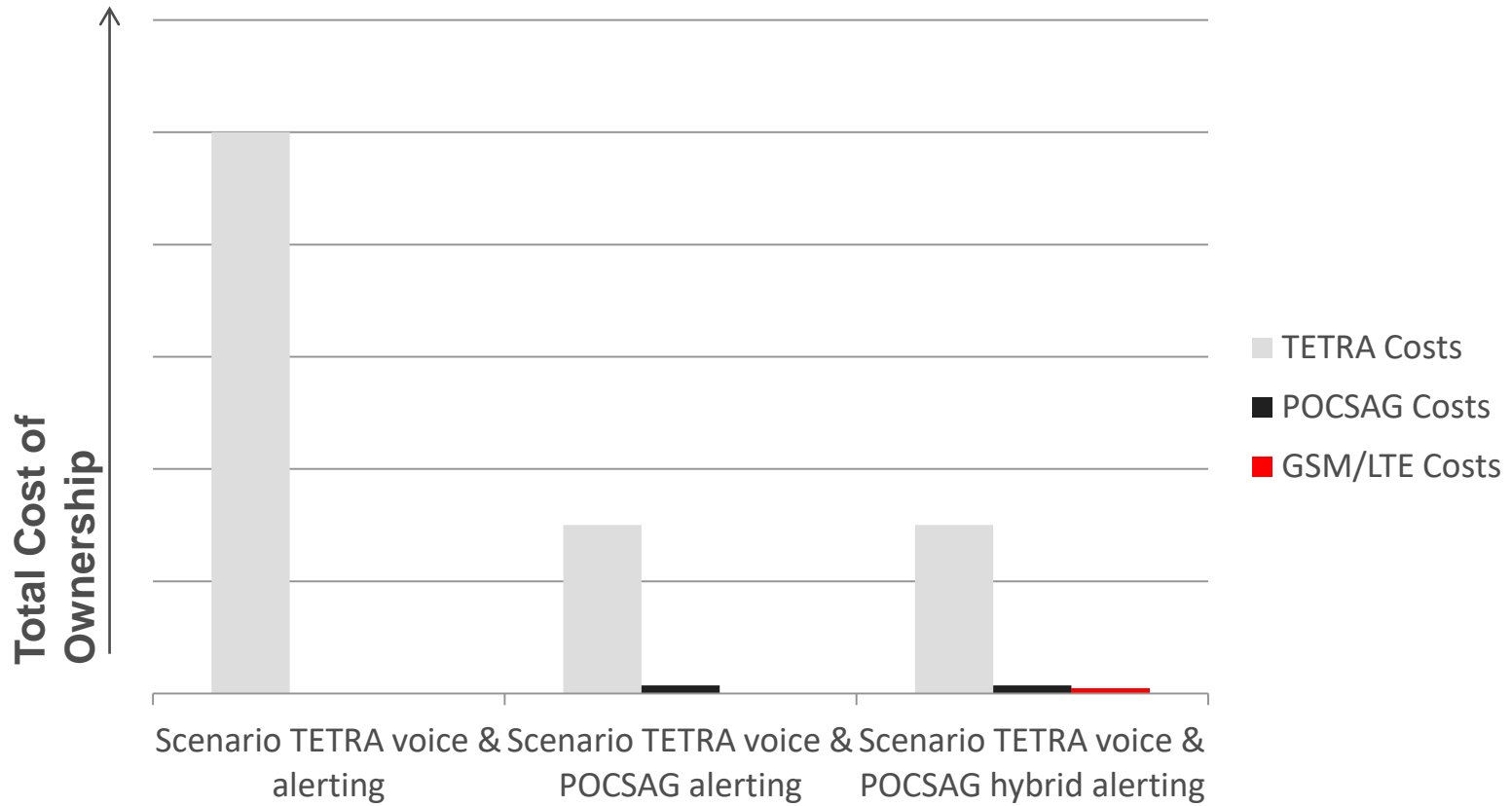


**Standard Operation: Multi-Master Transmission within Net segment**  
**Wide broadcast as fallback mode if TCP/IP connection lost**

# Blackout

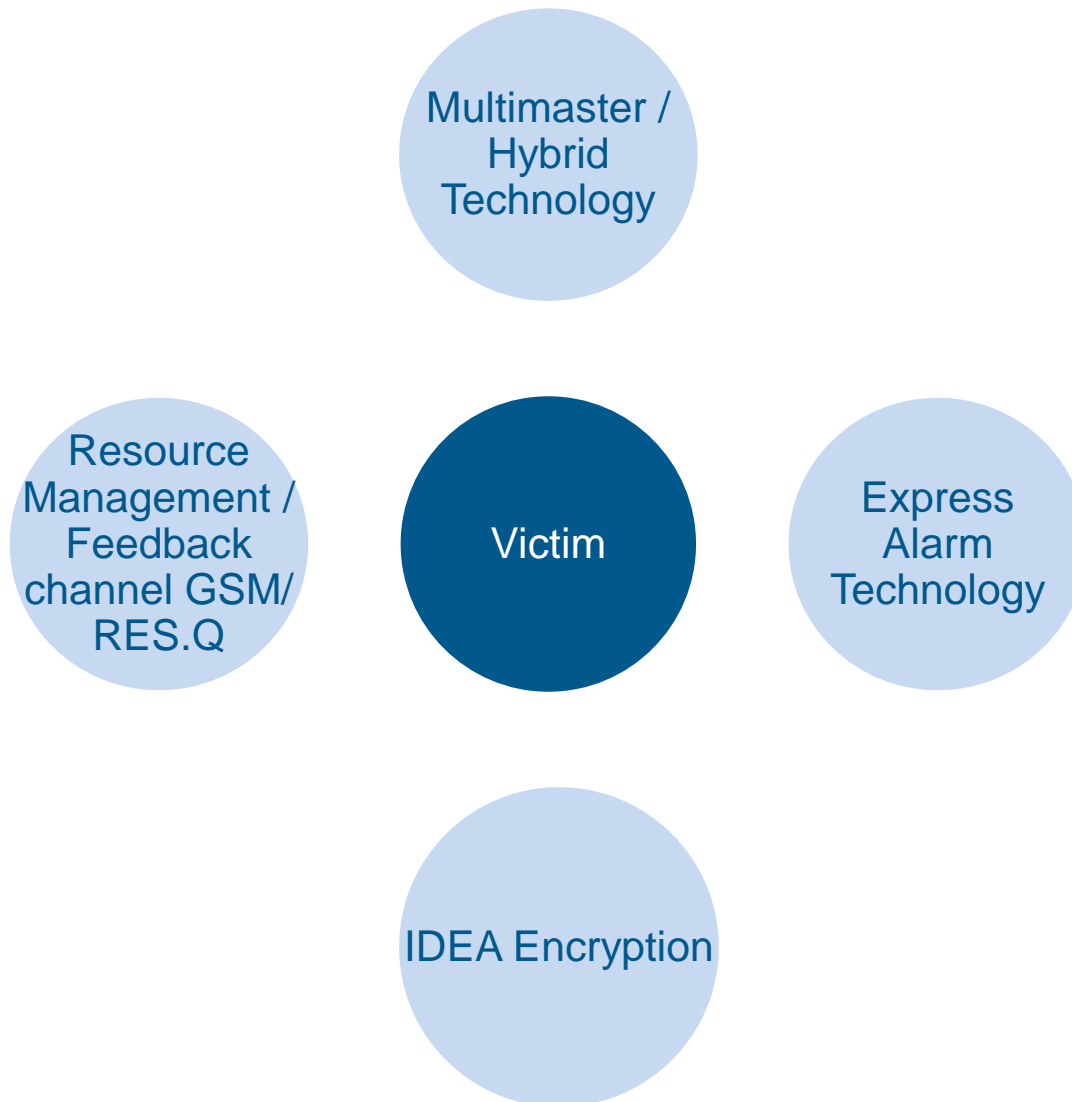


# Total Cost of Ownership



**Question: How does technology support the human needs?**

# Our solution for the victims



- **Time:** The faster the help, the greater the chances of rescue
- **Is the right emergency services personnel coming?**
- **Discretion:** Information about the victims must not be overheard during alerting process

# Our solution for emergency personnel



- **High availability**
- **Highly accurate and targeted alerting process**
- **Terminals they can rely on**

# Our solution for operator and authority



- **Low reimbursement costs**
- **Legal regulations must be complied**
- **Maximum availability of the alerting system**
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# Our solution for the dispatcher



- **Independent quick and reliable alerting**
- **Resilience and Redundancy**
- **Resource management: Availability and monitoring**
- **Minimizing time of communication with emergency services personnel**

# Our solution for the employers

Resource  
Management

Targeted  
Alerting

Employer

Acknowledge-  
ments

- **No excessive alerting**
- **Minimizing absence from work**

## **Conclusion:**

**By combining our alerting technology with GSM networks and leveraging their synergies, we managed to increase resilience, redundancy, speed and availability. On top, our solution is even self-reliant due to several fallback modes. And finally, it increases the overall system redundancy by providing a fallback scenario for our Public Safety Voice Communication infrastructure. These reasons make me believe we maximised the total value of our Public Safety Communications Infrastructure.**

Thank you.