



User Requirements for an Interoperability Gateway with IMS Core to Integrate Public Safety Communications

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Dr. Georgios Kioumourtzis

Associate Researcher Center for Security Studies

PSCE – Conference

Bucharest







Project Task



- ➤ To develop solutions ensuring interoperability between heterogeneous Radiocommunications networks of national security and public order forces
- The proposed solution should:
- ensure the connection of all existing communication systems through a dedicated node - gateway interoperability
- ensure interoperability of all systems required during the action without modifying the main terminal or communications infrastructure

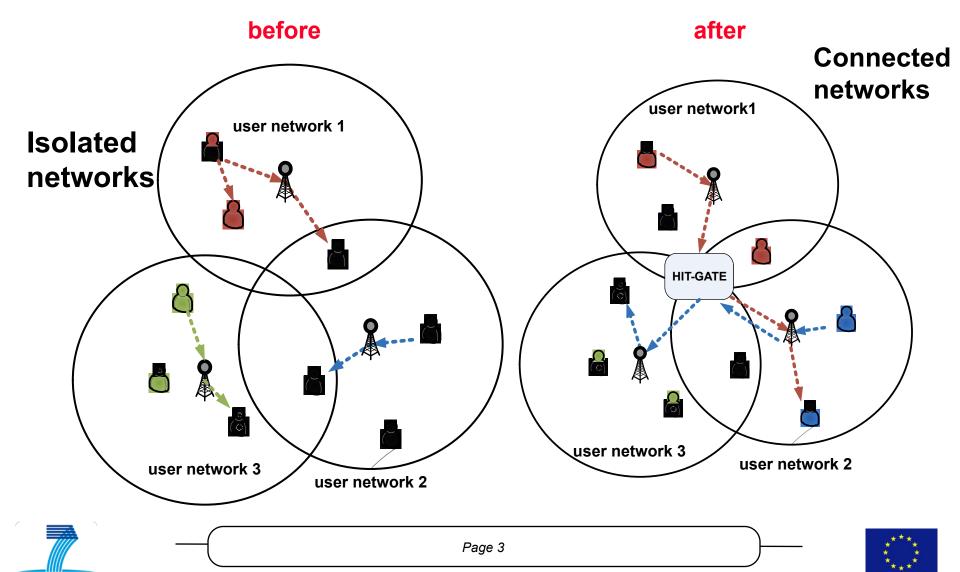






the HIT-GATE Solution









HIT-GATE Implementation

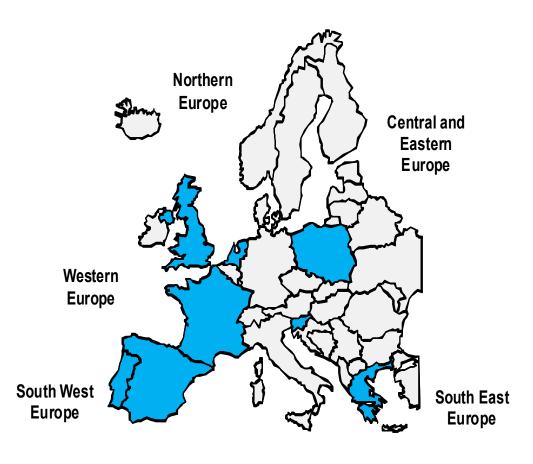






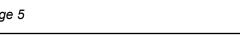
The HIT-GATE Consortium





- **EDISOFT**
- **DEMOKRITOS**
- **KEMEA**
- **TELETEL**
- **AMPER**
- Cluster TIC Seguridad y Confianza
- **THALES CF**
- **ROHILL**
- ITTI
- **THYIA**
- **RINICOM**



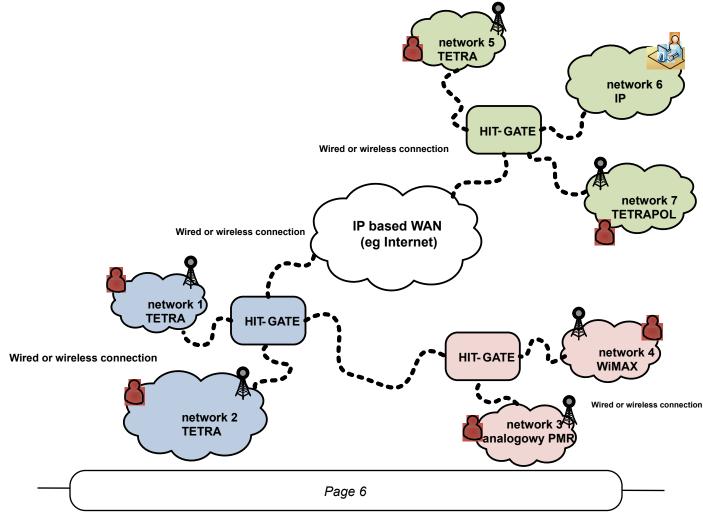






HIT-GATE Interconnections





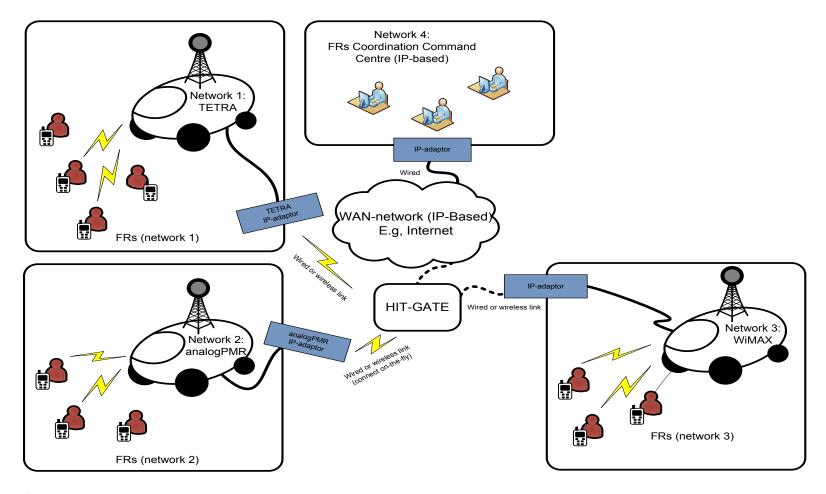






The IP-Adaptor





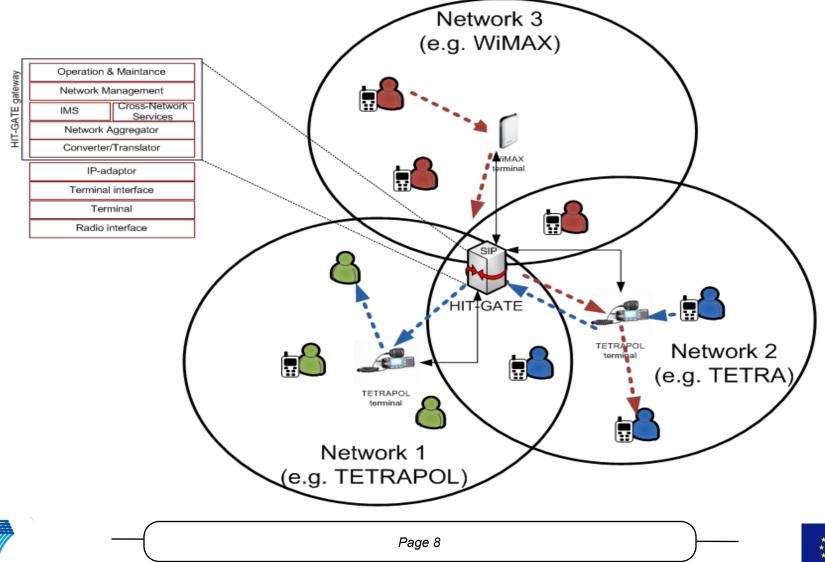






The SIP-Gateway





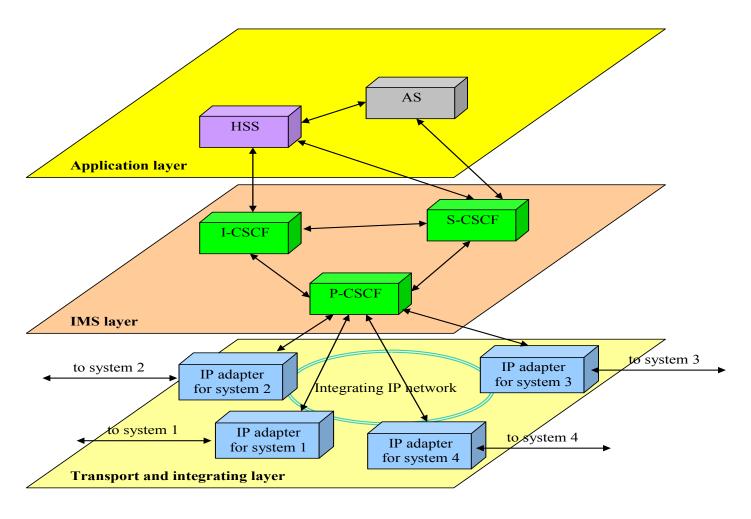




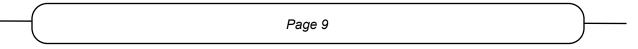


The IMS Structure







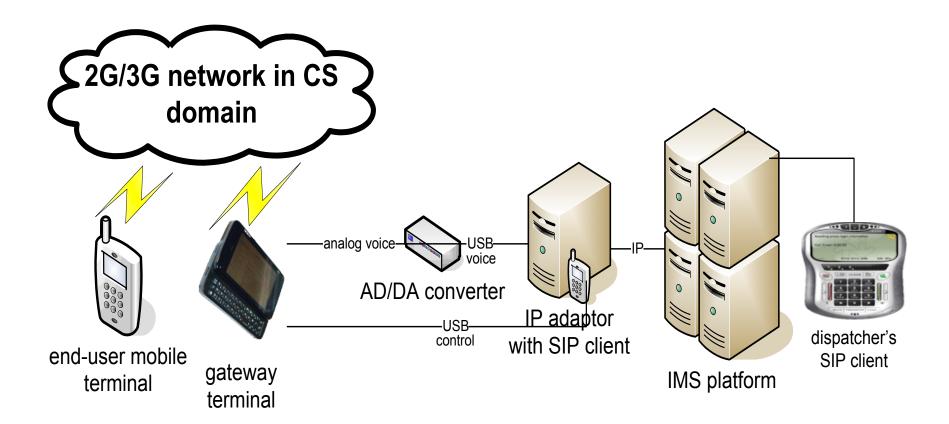






The IMS Integration













User Requirements







Key Points



Methodology

Analysis of questionnaires

Functional requirements

Non-functional requirements







Methodology



The following approaches to requirement identification were analyzed:

- VOLERE
- Rational Unified Process (RUP) by IBM
- IEEE 830 Recommended Practice for Software Requirements Specifications standard
- A Framework for Requirements Engineering Processes proposed by [Louco]
- Software Engineering Body of Knowledge (SWEBOK) and its part:
 Software Requirements Knowledge Area defined by [Sawyer]
- Enhanced Telecom Operations Map (eTOM) by TM Forum

VOLERE was found to be the most appropriate, compared to the other methods







VOLERE method



Group of requirements:

- Communication Requirements
- Data Requirements
- Usability Requirements
- Performance Requirements
- Operational Requirements
- Security Requirements
- Legal Requirements

Two distinctive areas:

- functional requirements
- non-functional requirements

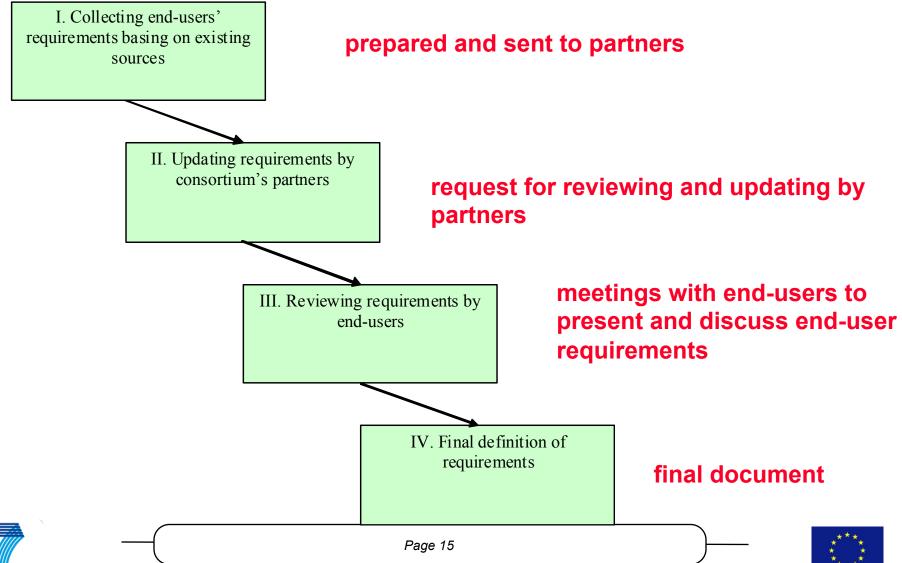






Stages of preparing end-user requirements









Collaboration with end-users for questionnaire collection



> entities:

| Country | Member End-User (or representative) | Internal End-User | External End-User | (Advisor and Consultant) |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|--|---|
| | | | First Responders | Other organizations |
| GREECE | KEMEA is supervised by the Minister of Citizen Protection that comprises the following agencies: -Hellenic Police, -Fire Corps, -National Intelligence Service, -Coast Guard (including Maritime and Port Facilities Security), -Civil Protection | yes | -Greek Police -Border Guard -Costal Guard -Military -Para-medics | |
| UNITED KINGDOM | Rinicom | | -VIP Protection Unit, Israel -"Future First Responder" Programme, Singapore -Anti-drug agency, Russia | |
| POLAND | ITTI | | -National Police | -Voivodeship Crisis Management Centre -PTPiREE - operator of trunking system for Polish energy sector -ENEA - distribution operator of energy sector |
| PORTUGAL | EDISOFT | | -Civil Protection Service of Cascais | |
| SPAIN | Cluster of Security of the Regional Government of Madrid | yes | -SAMUR (health assistance) -Guardia Civil (National Civil Guard) | |







Functional requirements



Communication Requirements

- Communication requirements
- Interoperability requirements
- Services
- Other services requirements

Main items:

- Internal voice communications such as between closed user groups and end-to-end communications, etc.;
- External voice communications with other police forces or emergency services, at local level;
- Group communication;
- Emergency calls to the number 112;
- Calls for end user's PABX network;
- Call recording in dispatching communication system;
- Capability of assigning priorities to the individual users and type of connection;
- Capability of connection queuing

Data Requirements

Main items:

- Data access to radio channel;
- Data access for querying own or others databases;
- Data transmission for decision making;
- Data exchange between different first responders;
- Image transmission if possible;
- Video transmission if possible;
- Metadata transmission for smart surveillance







Non-functional requirements



Usability Requirements

- Ease of use requirements
- Cost requirements
- Mobility requirements
- Transportability

Performance Requirements

- Quality
- Set-up and latency requirements
- Availability requirements
- Scalability requirements
- Robustness or fault-tolerance requirements
- Resource management requirements

Operational Requirements

- General requirements
- Communication spectrum requirements
- Broadband connectivity requirements

Security Requirements

- General requirements
- Resilience requirements
- Access control and authentication requirements
- Data confidentiality requirements
- Data integrity requirements
- Non-repudiation requirements

Legal Requirements

- General requirements
- Compliance with standards requirements





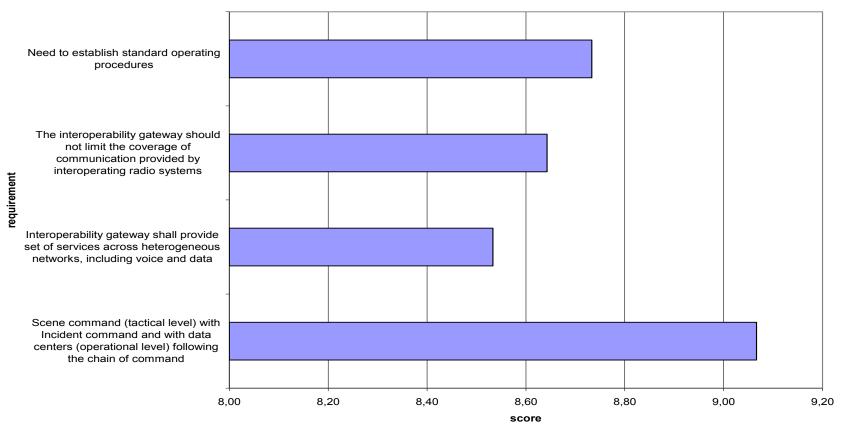


Priority for requirements



Priorities were assigned by end-users

The most important requirements:





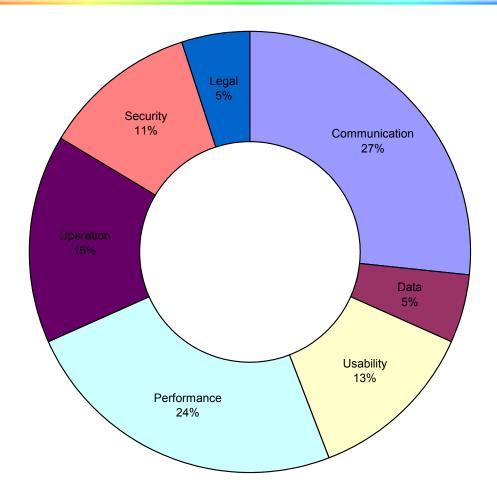


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Coverage of end-user requirements with requirement types







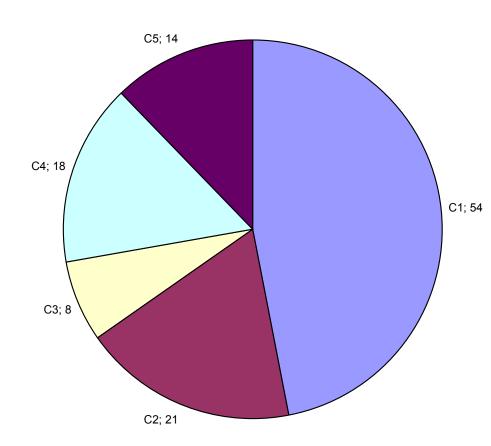




Number of requirements vs. categories C



- C1. Communication services and performances requirements
- C2. Mobility and connectivity requirements
- C3. Interoperability requirements
- C4. Security and safety (i.e. confidentiality, availability, integrity) requirements
- C5. Management as well as monitoring needs requirements













Thank you





